Maze Runner

Jonatan Cogiel, Gabe Espinosa, Joni Llana, Roman Kulikovskiy

Overview

VGA

Controls

Game Conditions

Мар

Game Physics/Logic

Introduction

As casual gamers, our purpose is to implement a creative and interactive game through programmable logic.

Video Graphics Array

Requirements

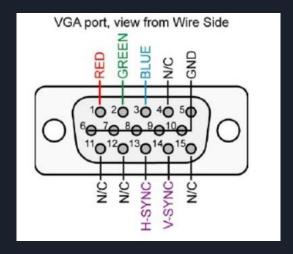
- Monitor
- VGA connector

Constraints File

- RGB analog signals (4 bits for each color)
- Hsync and Vsync

Features

- 108 MHz Clock
- 1280x1024 Resolution
- 60 Hz Refresh Rate





In game conditions and levels - State Machines

- Used state machine to determine level and conditions of game
 - Object -- 3 bits (determines in game condition)
 - 111 Player hits wall (results in player moving back to initial position)
 - 000 Player is in empty space (can move freely)
 - 001 player wins (then level changes)
 - State -- 3 bits (determines level in game)
 - 000 level 1
 - 001 level 2
 - 010 level 3
 - 011 (Player loses)
 - 100 (player wins)

Мар

Map is a 32x32 matrix

Level 1 - State 000

- 0 Indicates open space
- 1 Indicates a wall
- 2 Indicates win location

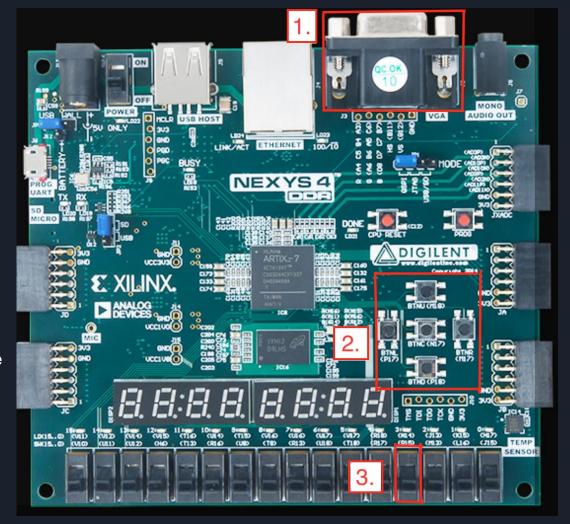
```
process(x, y, Mapl)
variable pxl_Val: integer range 0 to 2;
begin
    if (x > 1024) then
        rgb <= (others => '0');
    else
        pxl_Val := Mapl(y/32, x/32);
        if (pxl_Val = 1) then
            rgb <= (others => '1');
    elsif (pxl_Val = 2) then
            rgb <= "000011110000";
    else
        rgb <= (others => '0');
    end if;
    end if;
end process;
```

Controls

Ol VGA - Connects monitor

O2 Buttons - Player movements

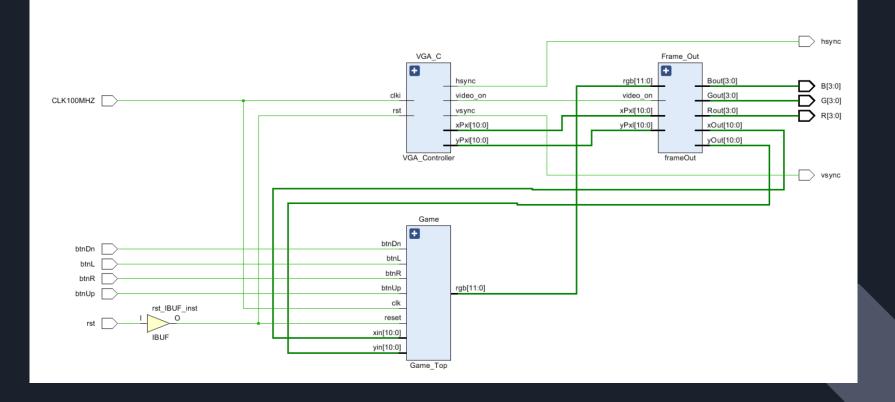
O3 Switch - Resets game

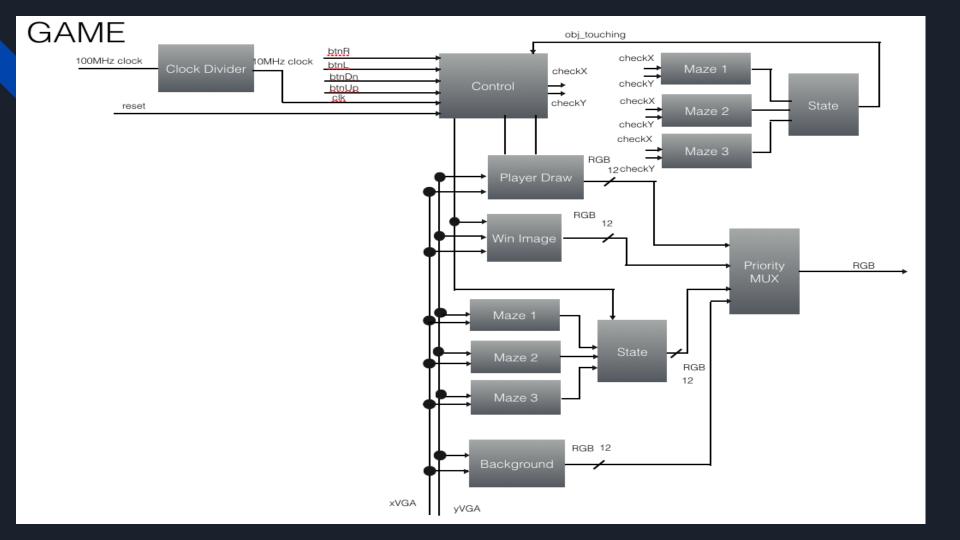


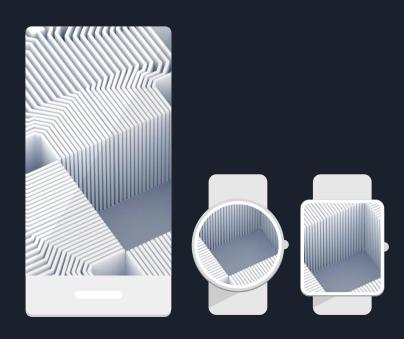
Game Physics/Logic

- The physics behind the game is that the player would move with acceleration, so the longer the button is pressed, the faster the block would move. When the block touches the wall, the individual must restart, while still trying to beat the clock.

Block Diagram







Thank You!