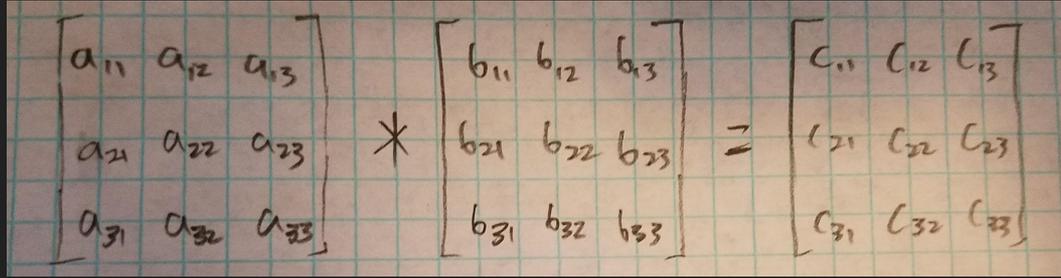


# ECE 2700: Final Project

# Matrix Multiplication

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# Matrix Multiplication Formula



A photograph of a piece of grid paper with handwritten mathematical formulas. It shows the multiplication of two 3x3 matrices, A and B, resulting in a 3x3 matrix C. Matrix A has elements a<sub>11</sub>, a<sub>12</sub>, a<sub>13</sub> in the first row; a<sub>21</sub>, a<sub>22</sub>, a<sub>23</sub> in the second row; and a<sub>31</sub>, a<sub>32</sub>, a<sub>33</sub> in the third row. Matrix B has elements b<sub>11</sub>, b<sub>12</sub>, b<sub>13</sub> in the first row; b<sub>21</sub>, b<sub>22</sub>, b<sub>23</sub> in the second row; and b<sub>31</sub>, b<sub>32</sub>, b<sub>33</sub> in the third row. Matrix C has elements c<sub>11</sub>, c<sub>12</sub>, c<sub>13</sub> in the first row; c<sub>21</sub>, c<sub>22</sub>, c<sub>23</sub> in the second row; and c<sub>31</sub>, c<sub>32</sub>, c<sub>33</sub> in the third row. The matrices are separated by an asterisk and an equals sign.

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & b_{13} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} & b_{23} \\ b_{31} & b_{32} & b_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c_{11} & c_{12} & c_{13} \\ c_{21} & c_{22} & c_{23} \\ c_{31} & c_{32} & c_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_{11} = (A_{11} * B_{11}) + (A_{12} * B_{21}) + (A_{13} * B_{31})$$

$$C_{12} = (A_{11} * B_{12}) + (A_{12} * B_{22}) + (A_{13} * B_{32})$$

$$C_{13} = (A_{11} * B_{13}) + (A_{12} * B_{23}) + (A_{13} * B_{33})$$

$$C_{21} = (A_{21} * B_{11}) + (A_{22} * B_{21}) + (A_{23} * B_{31})$$

$$C_{22} = (A_{21} * B_{12}) + (A_{22} * B_{22}) + (A_{23} * B_{32})$$

$$C_{23} = (A_{21} * B_{13}) + (A_{22} * B_{23}) + (A_{23} * B_{33})$$

$$C_{31} = (A_{31} * B_{11}) + (A_{32} * B_{21}) + (A_{33} * B_{31})$$

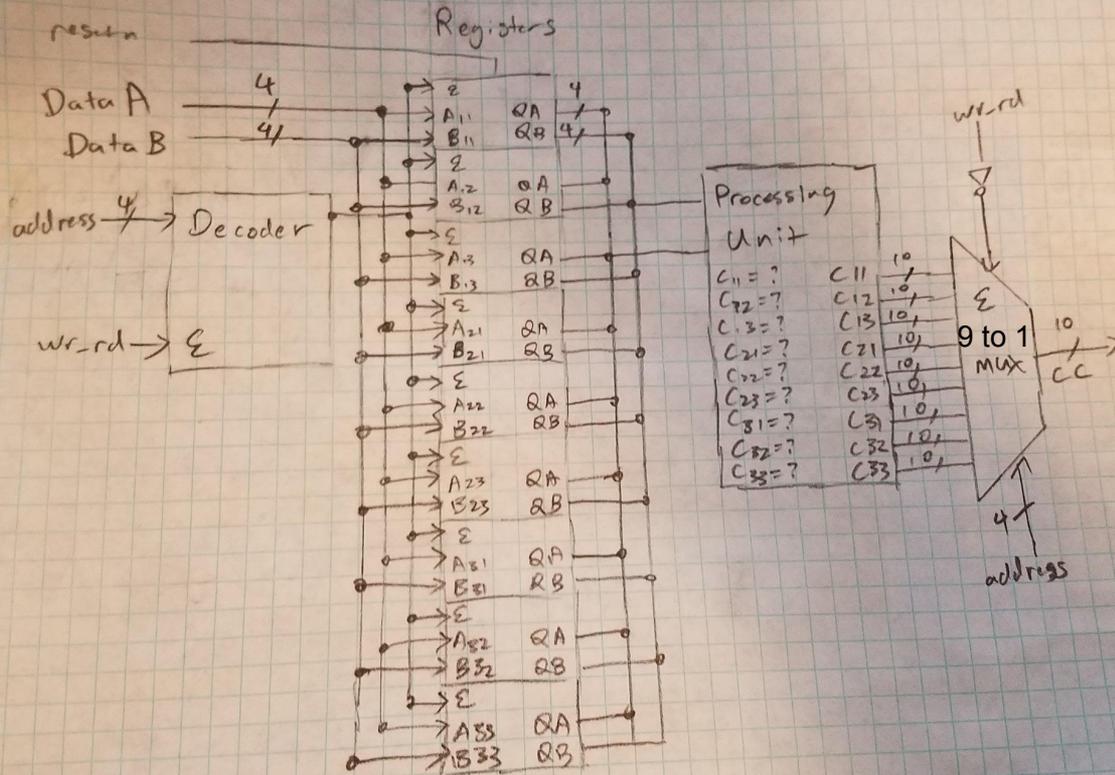
$$C_{32} = (A_{31} * B_{12}) + (A_{32} * B_{22}) + (A_{33} * B_{32})$$

$$C_{33} = (A_{31} * B_{13}) + (A_{32} * B_{23}) + (A_{33} * B_{33})$$

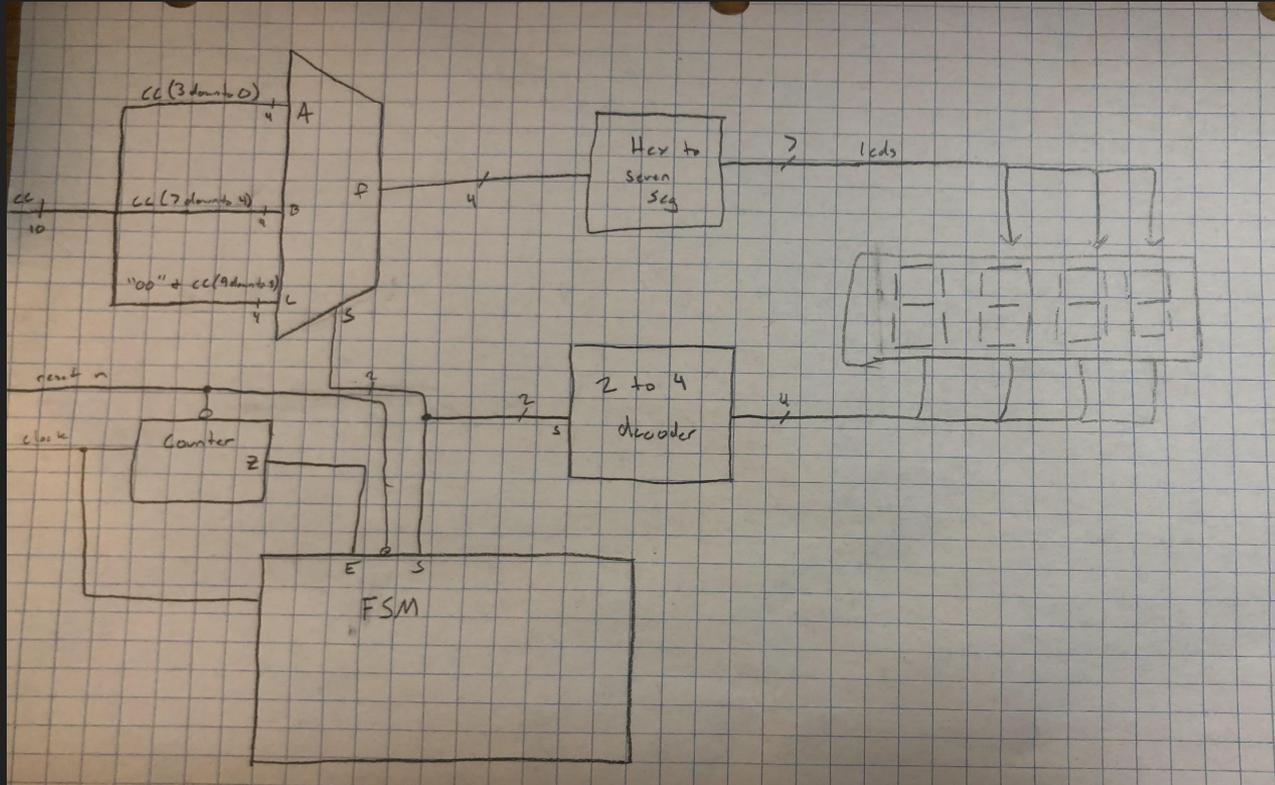
To turn a 3x3 matrix into a 2x2, set  
 $A_{13}, A_{23}, A_{31}, A_{32}, A_{33} = 0$  and  
 $B_{13}, B_{23}, B_{31}, B_{32}, B_{33} = 0$

So then  $C_{13}, C_{23}, C_{31}, C_{32}, C_{33} = 0$

# Block Diagram (pt. 1)

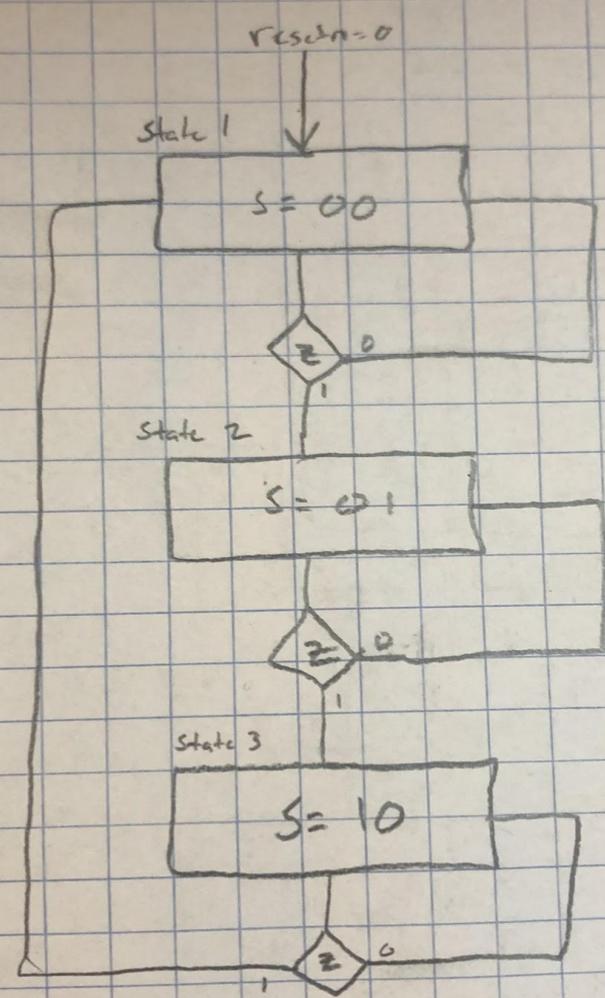


# Block Diagram (pt. 2)



# State Machine

The state machine cycles between 3 states.



# Sample Calculations

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Add rows} \\ 3 \times 3 \end{array} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 6 & 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Matrix} \\ 2 \times 2 \end{array} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Matrix A} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 15 & 15 \\ 15 & 15 & 15 \\ 15 & 15 & 15 \end{bmatrix} \end{array} * \begin{array}{l} \text{Matrix B} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 15 & 15 \\ 15 & 15 & 15 \\ 15 & 15 & 15 \end{bmatrix} \end{array} = \begin{array}{l} \text{Matrix C} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 675 & 675 & 675 \\ 675 & 675 & 675 \\ 675 & 675 & 675 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} 15 & 15 \\ 15 & 15 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 15 \\ 15 & 15 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 450 & 450 \\ 450 & 450 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$